
Looking forward to new physics and neutrinos at the LHC

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High Energy, Cosmology and Astro-particle Physics (HECA)

May 25, 2021

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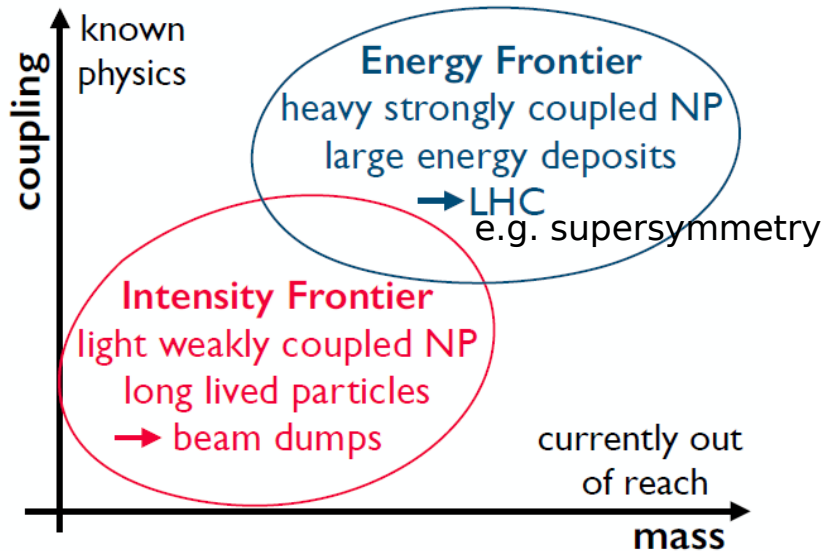


OUTLINE

- Motivation & Fundamentals
- Far-forward BSM physics at the LHC
 - new physics production in the far-forward region of the LHC
 - selected BSM models
 - BSM particle production away from the ATLAS IP,
 - light dark matter (DM)
- High-Energy neutrino physics at the LHC
- Additional opportunities (QCD, connections to cosmic ray physics,...)
- Concluding remarks

MOTIVATION

LIGHT NEW PHYSICS



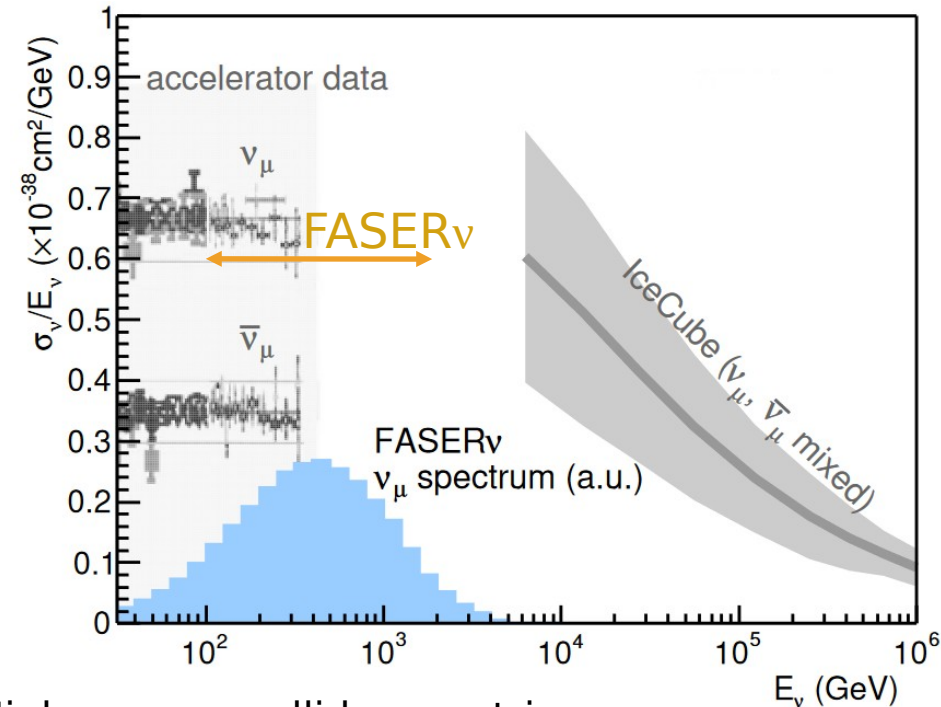
-- "leave no stone unturned"

-- cosmology
(dark matter, inflation,
baryogenesis,...)

-- neutrino masses
(GeV-scale heavy neutral leptons)

-- anomalies

LIGHT „KNOWN” PHYSICS




High-energy collider neutrinos:

-- first neutrino measurements at the LHC
(candidate events) FASER collaboration: 2105.06197

-- TeV-energy neutrinos remain less explored
-- any new tau neutrinos ν_τ highly welcome
-- other possibilities: charm-associated
 ν interactions, new physics

(SELECTED) BSM CONNECTIONS

a) **gauging global symmetries of the SM** e.g. $U(1)_{L_e-L_\mu}$, $U(1)_{B-L}$,  new dark vector

M. Bauer, P. Foldenauer, J. Jaeckel, **JHEP 1807 (2018) 094**

Additional $U(1)$ groups might arise in extensions of the SM group,
typically light new gauge boson must be very weakly coupled to the SM

Mohapatra R N and Senjanovic G, *Phys. Rev. D*23:165 (1981)

Kinetic mixing between the photon and new vector can also be loop-induced in secluded regime $U(1)_x$

b) **mirror sector / Twin Higgs scenarios** often predict new scalars coupled to the SM via Higgs

$$(H^\dagger H) \times m_H^2 \longrightarrow (H^\dagger H) \times (m_H^2 + c_1 S + c_2 S^2 + \dots),$$

Lanfranchi et al, 2011.02157

c) **Right-handed neutrinos** e.g. **ν MSM** (ν masses and oscillations, DM, baryon asymmetry)

T. Asaka, S. Blanchet and M. Shaposhnikov, *Phys. Lett.* **B631** (2005) 151-156

T. Asaka and M. Shaposhnikov, *Phys. Lett.* **B620** (2005) 17-26

d) **Axion** is an example of light weakly coupled particle postulated long time ago

later generalized to axion-like particles

HIDDEN SECTOR PORTALS

- new „hidden” particles are SM singlets (but gauged $U(1)_{B-L}$ etc. are also considered)
- interactions between the SM and „hidden” sector arise due to mixing through some SM portal

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{portal}} = \sum O_{\text{SM}} \times O_{\text{DS}}$$

B. Patt, F. Wilczek, 0605188

B. Batell, M. Pospelov, A. Ritz, 0906.5614

Renormalizable

| Portal | Coupling |
|-----------------------|--|
| Dark Photon, A_μ | $-\frac{\epsilon}{2 \cos \theta_W} F'_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$ |
| Dark Higgs, S | $(\mu S + \lambda S^2) H^\dagger H$ |
| Axion, a | $\frac{a}{f_a} F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu}, \frac{a}{f_a} G_{i,\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_i^{\mu\nu}, \frac{\partial_\mu a}{f_a} \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \psi$ |
| Sterile Neutrino, N | $y_N L H N$ |

PBC report, 1901.09966

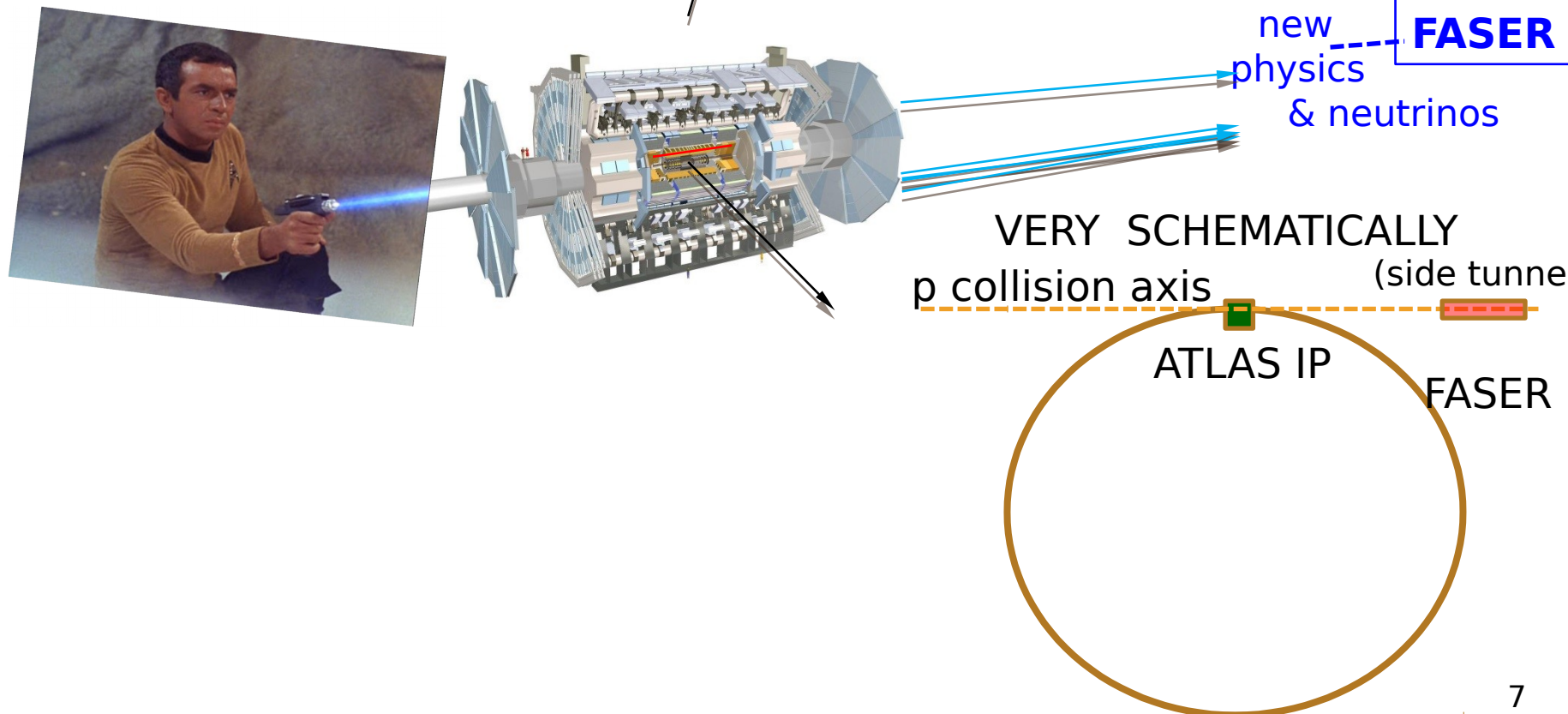
FAR-FORWARD BSM PROGRAM

J.L. Feng, I. Galon, F. Kling, ST, 1708.09389
 FASER Collaboration: 1811.10243, 1812.09139
 1908.02310, 2001.03073

IDEA

ForwArd Search ExpeRiment (FASER) – small ($\sim 0.05 \text{ m}^3$) and detector to be placed few hundred meters downstream the ATLAS IP to harness large, currently „wasted” forward LHC cross section

$\sigma_{\text{inel}} \sim 75 \text{ mb}$, e.g., $N_{\pi} \sim 10^{17}$ at $3/\text{ab}^{-1}$ (for comparison $\sigma \sim \text{fb} - \text{pb}$, e.g., $N_H \sim 10^7$ at 300 fb^{-1} in high- p_T searches)



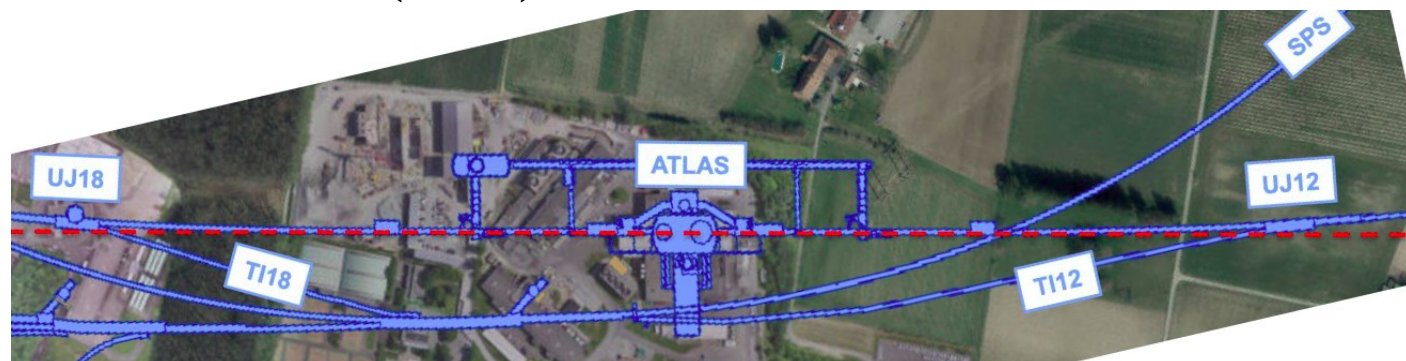
FASER LoI & TP: 1811.10243, 1812.09139
 FASER ν LoI & TP: 1908.02310, 2001.03073

RUN 3 & HL-LHC PLANS

Run 3

main FASER -- cylindrical detector:

$L = 1.5$ m, $R = 10$ cm, $V = 0.05$ m³, 150 fb⁻¹ (Run 3)

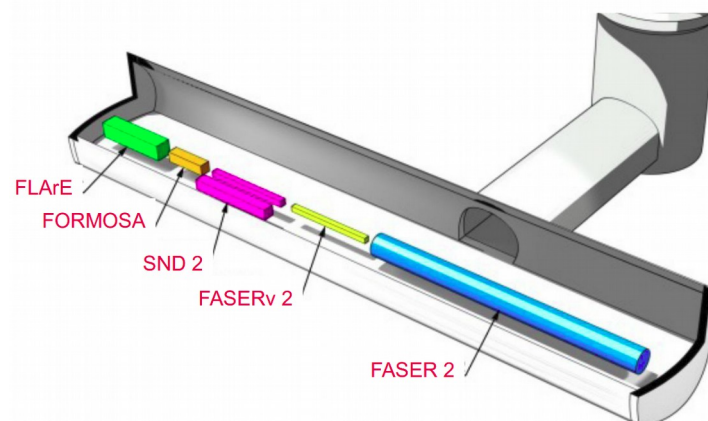
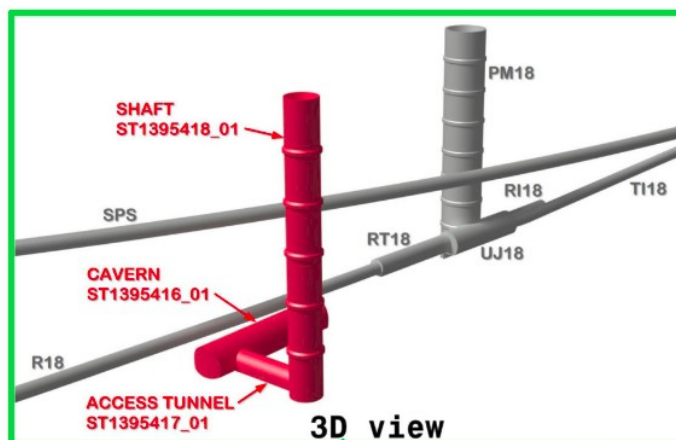


HL-LHC

(possible upgrade) FASER 2: $L = 5$ m, $R = 1$ m, $V = 16$ m³, 3 ab⁻¹ (HL-LHC)

Forward Physics Facility

R.M.Abraham et al, Snowmass 2021 LoI

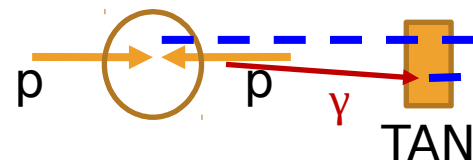


Credit: John Osborne, Kincso Balazs, Jonathan Gall

SEARCH FOR HIGHLY DISPLACED DECAYS

Production (ATLAS IP, ...)

Coupling: the larger the better



Decay

too large not good (too early decays)

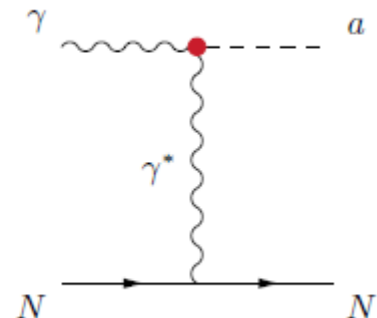
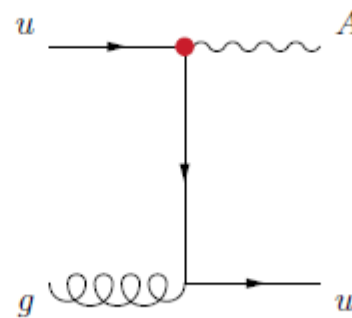
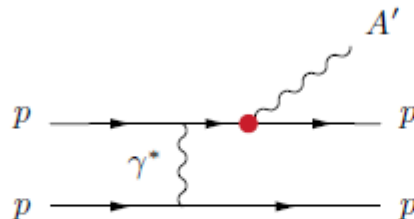
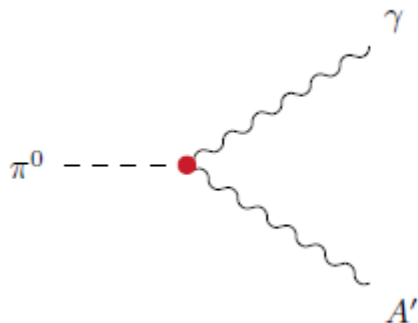
LLP

SM

SM

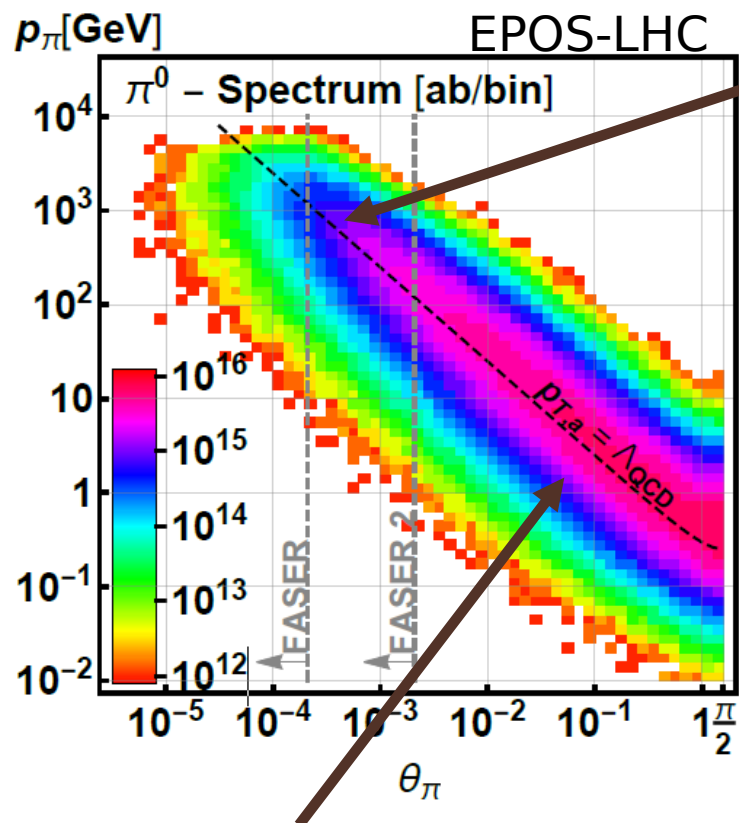
- Various production mechanisms:
- meson decays (light & heavy)
 - bremsstrahlung
 - hard-scatterings,...

$$N_{\text{sig}} \propto \begin{cases} \mathcal{L}^{\text{int}} \epsilon^2 e^{-L_{\text{min}}/\bar{d}} & \text{for } \bar{d} \ll L_{\text{min}} \\ \mathcal{L}^{\text{int}} \epsilon^2 \frac{L_{\text{max}} - L_{\text{min}}}{d} & \text{for } \bar{d} \gg L_{\text{min}} \end{cases}$$



NEW PHYSICS FROM PION DECAYS AT THE ATLAS IP

J.L. Feng, I. Galon, F. Kling, ST, 1708.09389



Hard pions highly collimated along the beam axis since their $p_T \sim \Lambda_{QCD}$ e.g. for $E_{\pi^0} \geq 10$ GeV
 $\sim 1.7\%$ of π_0 s go towards **FASER**
 $\sim 24\%$ of π_0 s go towards **FASER 2**

This can be compared to the angular size of both detectors with respect to the total solid angle of the forward hemisphere (2π):
 $\sim (2 \times 10^{-6})\%$ for **FASER**
 $\sim (2 \times 10^{-4})\%$ for **FASER 2**

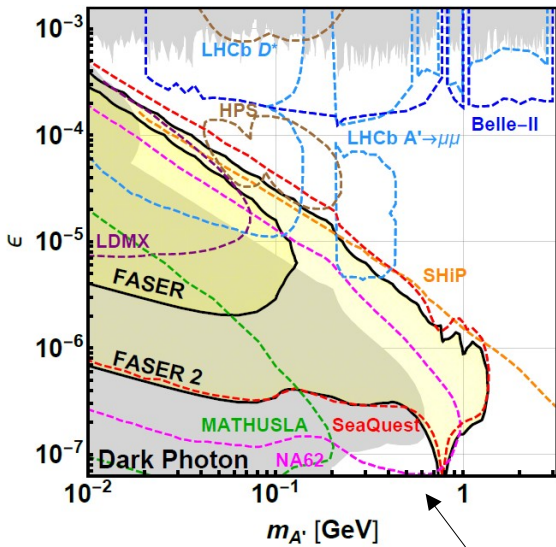


Soft pions going towards high- p_T detectors:

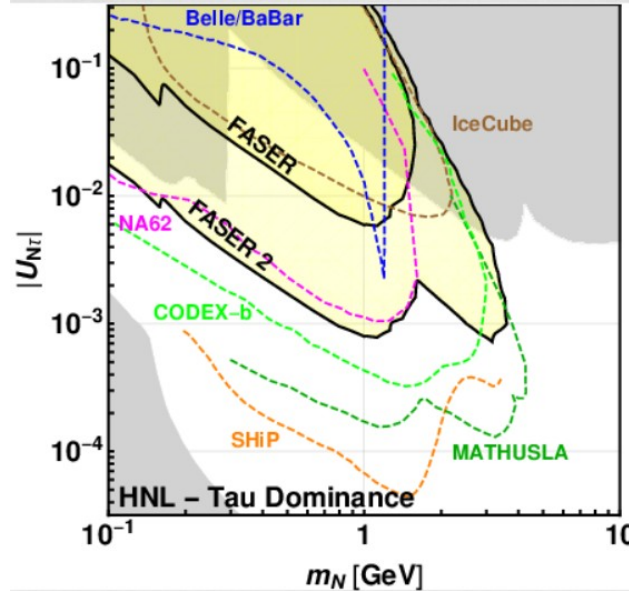
- produced LLPs would be too soft for triggers
- large SM backgrounds

SELECTED SENSITIVITY REACH PLOTS

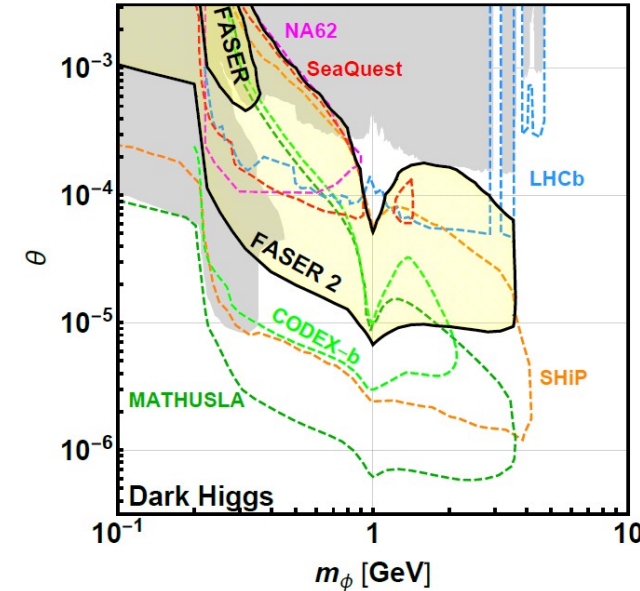
DARK PHOTON



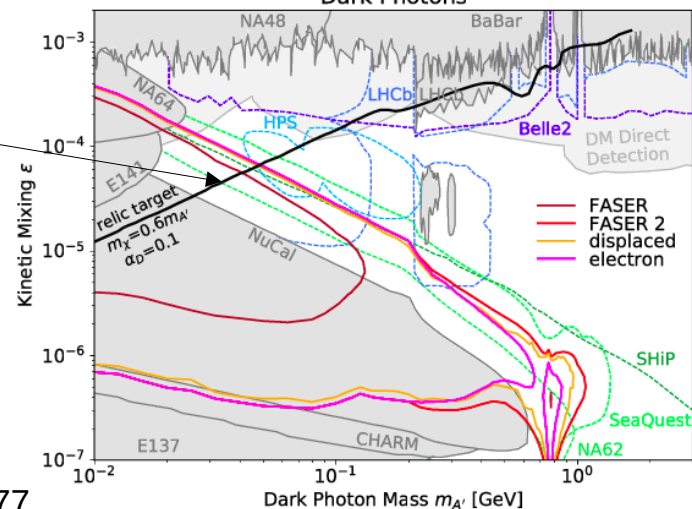
HEAVY NEUTRAL LEPTON (TAU)



DARK HIGGS BOSON

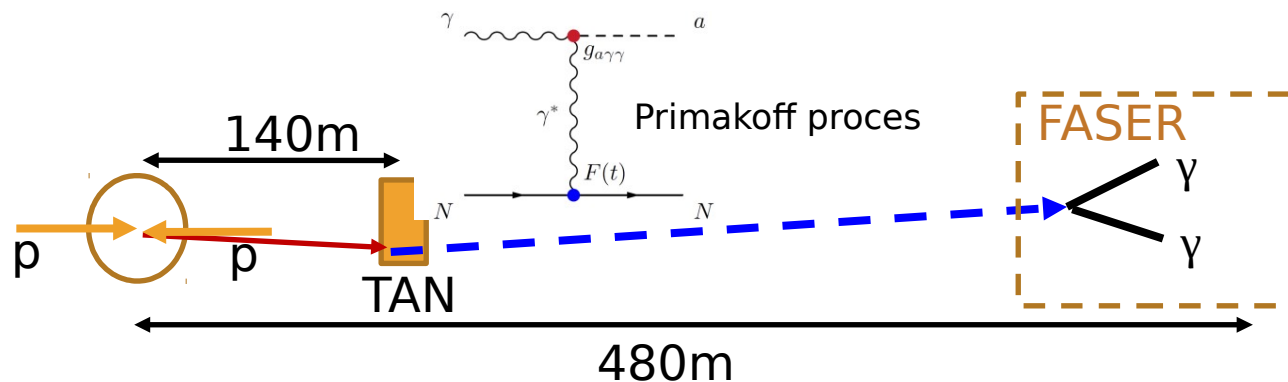


complementarity
 DM direct detection searches
 complex scalar DM with A' med
 $\mathcal{L}_D \supset (D^\mu \chi)^* (D_\mu \chi) - m_\chi^2 \chi^* \chi,$

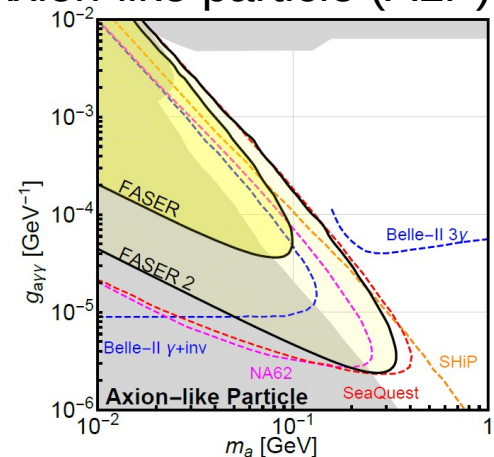


NOT ONLY ATLAS IP

LHC as a high-energy photon beam-dump

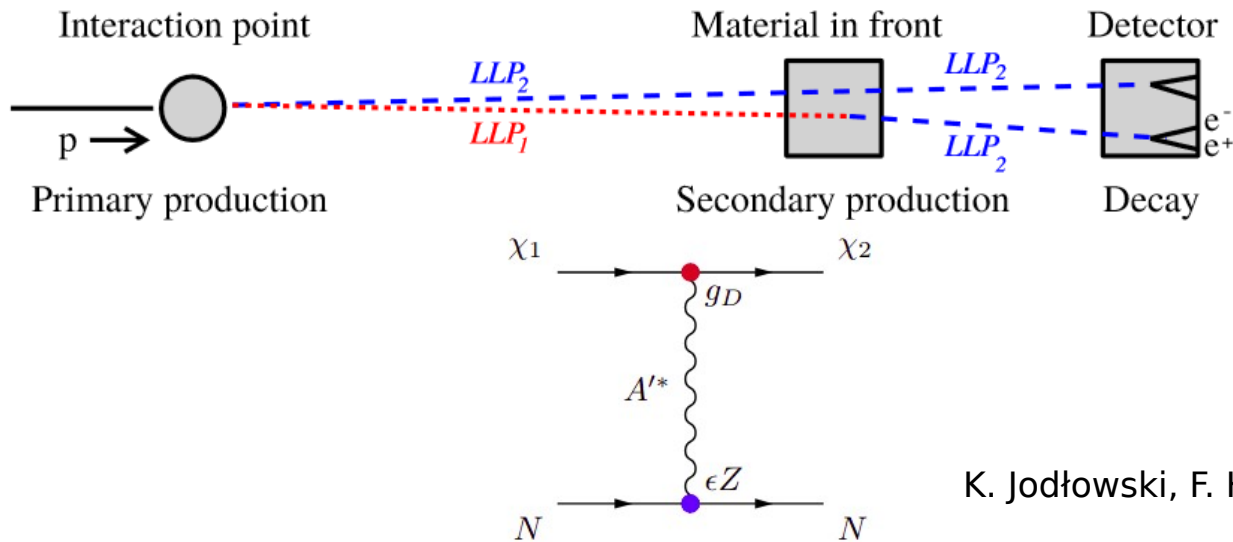


Axion-like particle (ALP)

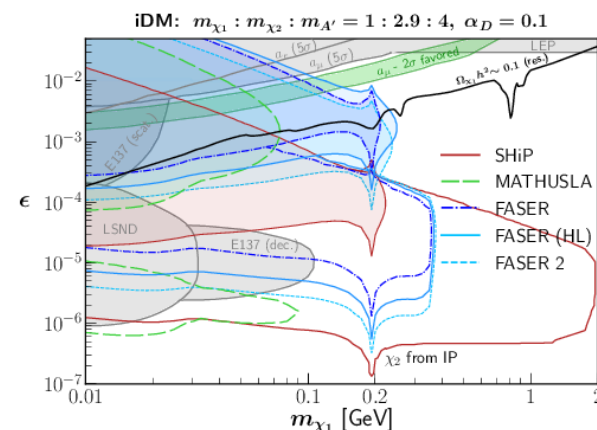


J. L. Feng, I. Galon, F. Kling, ST, 1806.02348

Secondary production in front of the detector



Inelastic DM



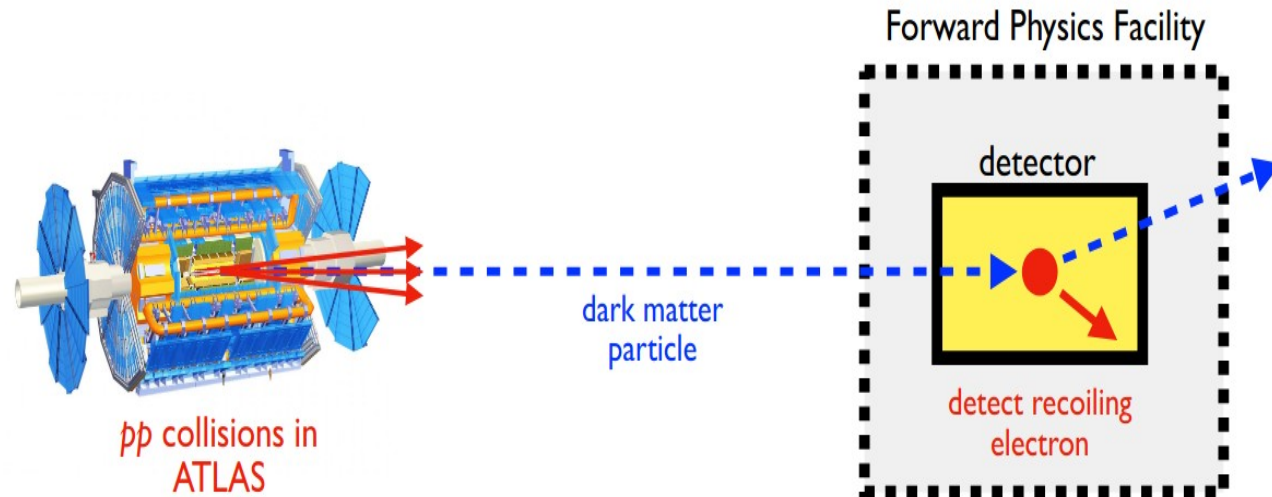
K. Jodłowski, F. Kling, L. Roszkowski, ST, 1911.11346

B. Batell, J. L. Feng, ST, 2101.10338

B. Batell, J.L. Feng, A. Ismail, F. Kling, R.M.Abraham, ST, in preparation

DM DIRECT DETECTION AT THE LHC

- Light DM particles can be efficiently produced in the far-forward region of the LHC & scatter in a distance detector



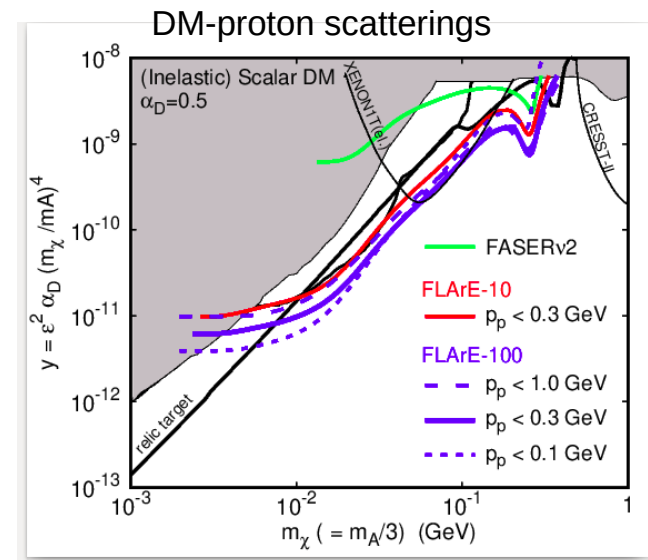
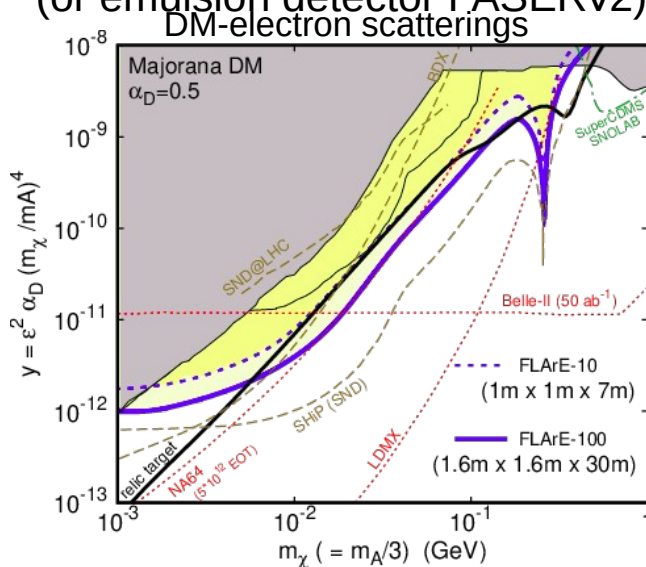
- This search is highly complementary to the traditional DM direct detection searches:
 - probe of relativistic interaction rates of LDM (DM energy \sim a few hundred GeV)
[collider-boosted DM]
 - the search is not sensitive to the precise abundance of χ DM component
(possible variations in cosmological scenario)
[collider-produced DM]

EXAMPLE DM REACH PLOTS

- Useful for probing DM models with suppressed non-relativistic scattering rates
- Sample results for two benchmark models:
dark photon mediator & Majorana or (inelastic) complex scalar DM

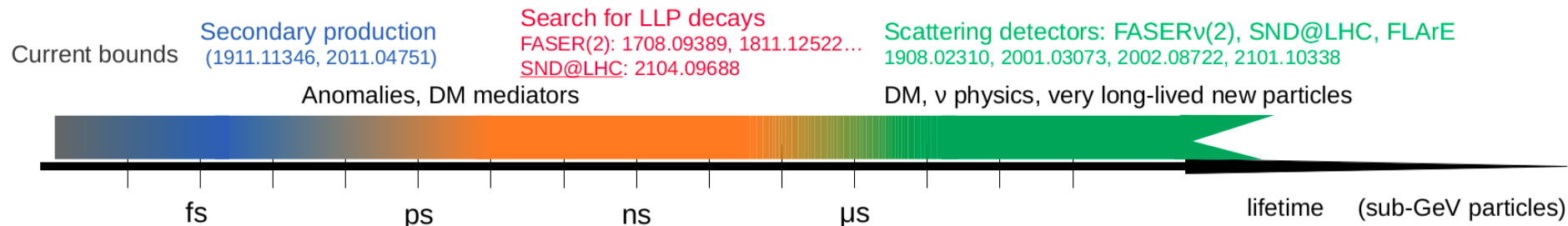
$$\mathcal{L} \supset A'_\mu (\epsilon e J_{EM}^\mu + g_D J_D^\mu) \quad \mathcal{L} \supset \begin{cases} |\partial_\mu \chi|^2 - m_\chi^2 |\chi|^2 & \text{(complex scalar DM)} \\ \frac{1}{2} \bar{\chi} i \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu \chi - \frac{1}{2} m_\chi \bar{\chi} \chi & \text{(Majorana fermion DM)} \end{cases} \quad J_D^\mu = \begin{cases} i \chi^* \overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu \chi & \text{(complex scalar DM)} \\ \frac{1}{2} \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \chi & \text{(Majorana fermion DM)} \end{cases} .$$

- They avoid stringent bounds from CMB
- Possible detection method: **Forward Liquid Argon Experiment FLArE** (a la MicroBooNE...)
(or emulsion detector FASERv2)



SUMMARY OF FAR-FORWARD BSM PROGRAM

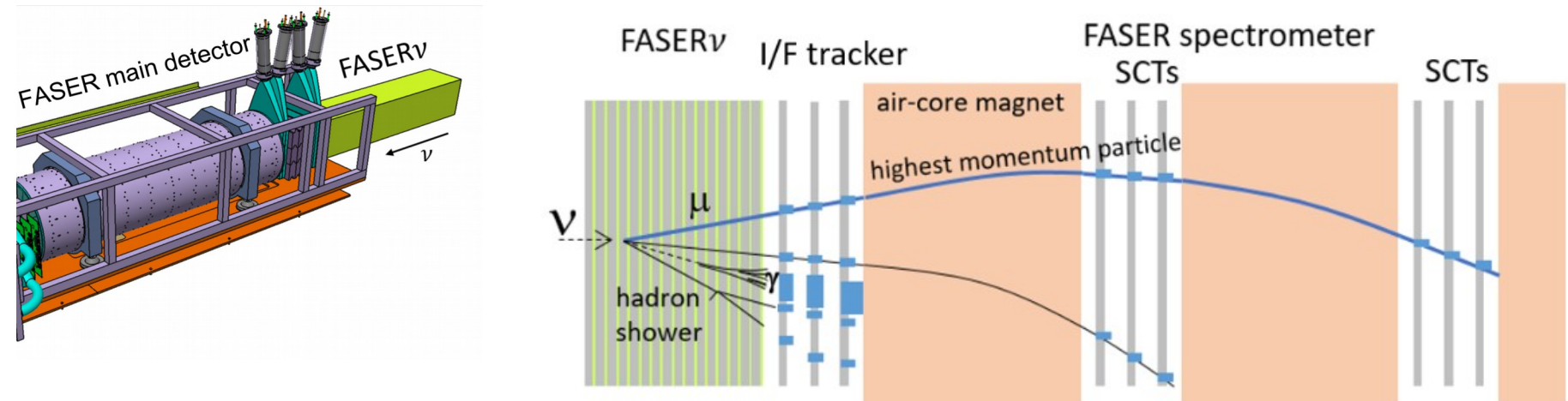
(VERY) SCHEMATIC FAR-FORWARD DETECTOR CAPABILITIES



- Search for highly-displaced decays of light new particles
(boosted decay lengths $d \sim 100-1000$ m)
- Secondary production in front of the detector allows for probing even $d \sim$ meters
(or less inside the scattering detectors)
- Scattering detectors:
especially important if decays not possible (stable species like ν and DM)
can also open new detection channels for very long-lived particles
- Typically best reach for masses $< \text{GeV}$, but even ~ 10 GeV particles can be probed

FAR-FORWARD NEUTRINO PROGRAM

FASER ν -- NEUTRINO SUBDETECTOR (RUN 3)



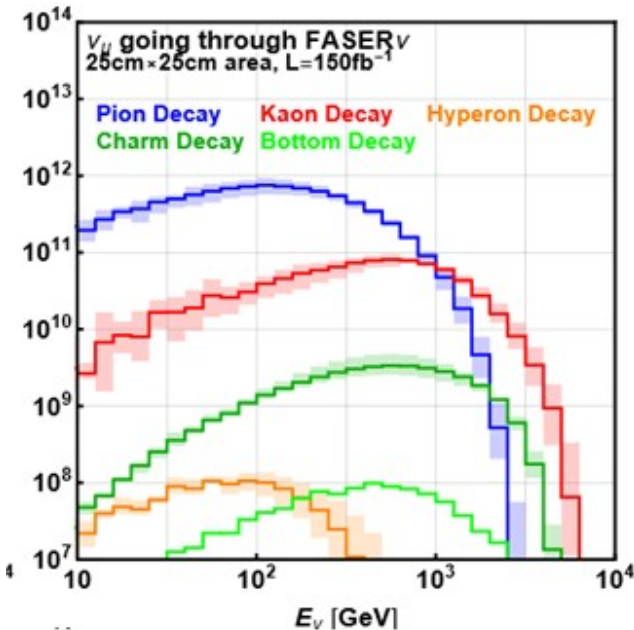
- FASER ν (1908.02310, 2001.03073) and SND@LHC (2002.08722) emulsion detectors
- Excellent spatial resolution (even 50nm),
- Can deal with high track density (up to 10^6 tracks/cm²),
- Study neutrino interaction vertices at TeV energies in great details
- Interface tracker - charge measurement disentangling ν_{μ} and $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$

FAR-FORWARD NEUTRINOS

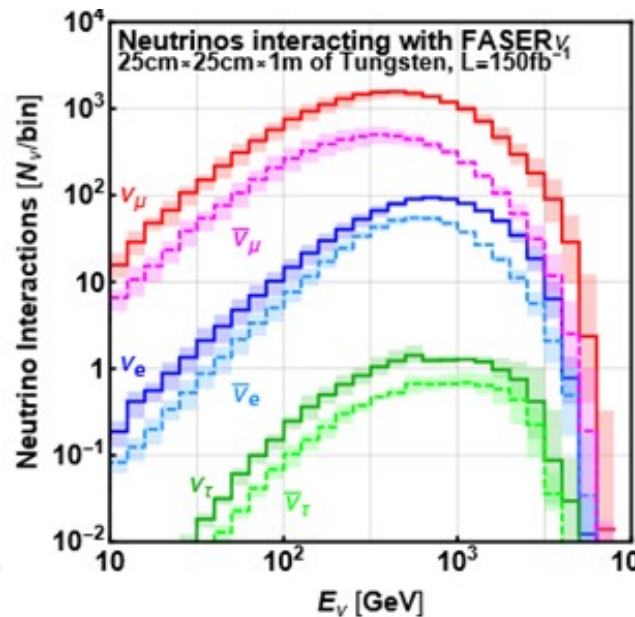
- LHC: lots of forward-going neutrinos from meson decays
- Measurement of the neutrino scattering cross section for $E_\nu \sim \text{TeV}$ (currently poorly explored regime)
- Possible detection of 10-20 high-energy tau neutrino events

LHC Run 3

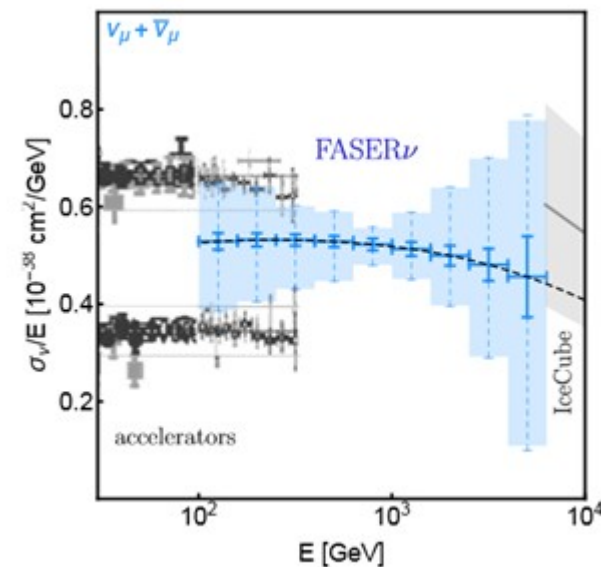
Going-through



Interacting



Scattering cross section



EXTREMELY POWERFUL DETECTION METHOD

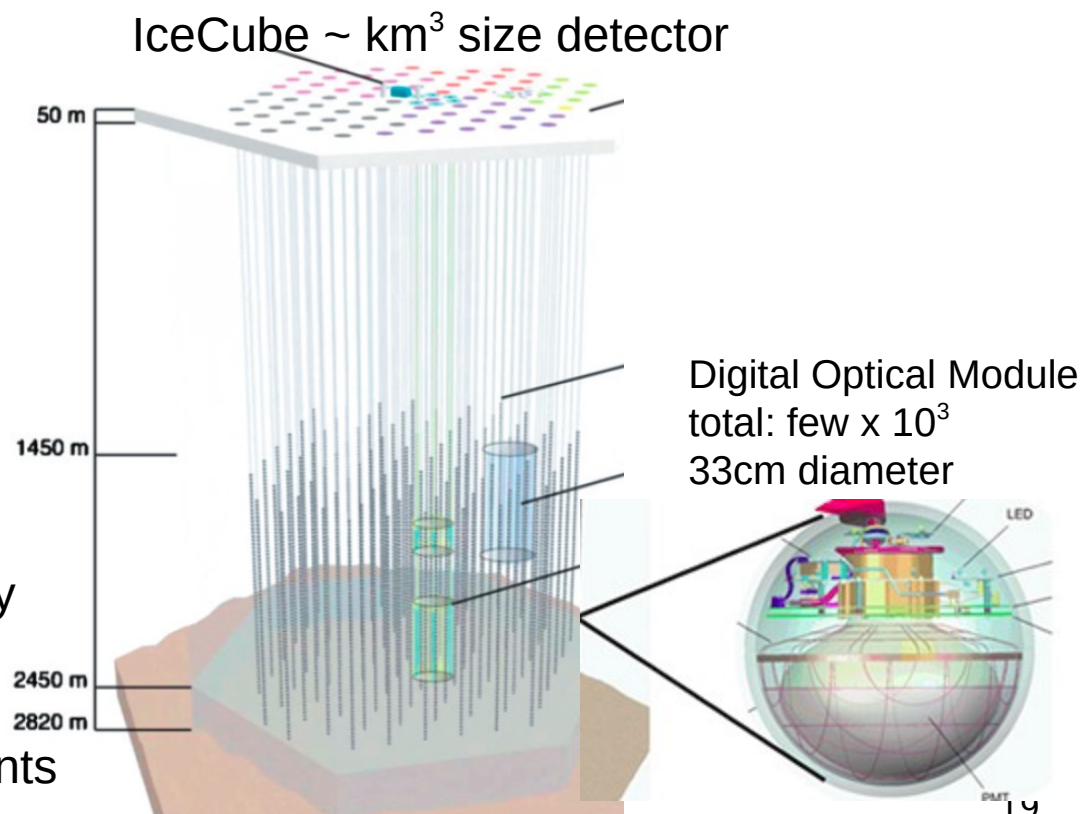
- First neutrino candidate events has been observed already during Run 2...

FASER Collaboration, 2105.06197

- ...with two handy boxes (10cm x 10cm x 12.5cm)
left in the far-forward place (480m) for 4 weeks (12.5 fb^{-1})

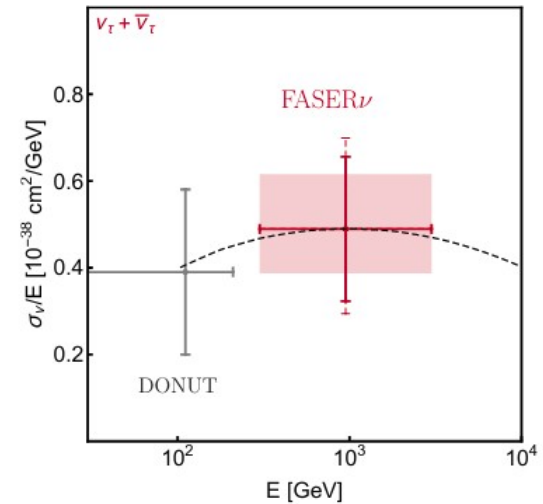
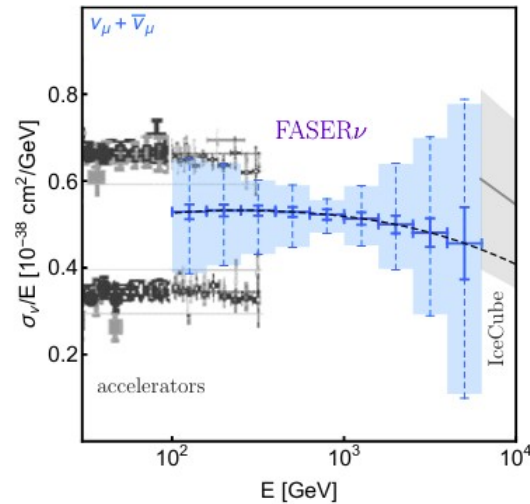
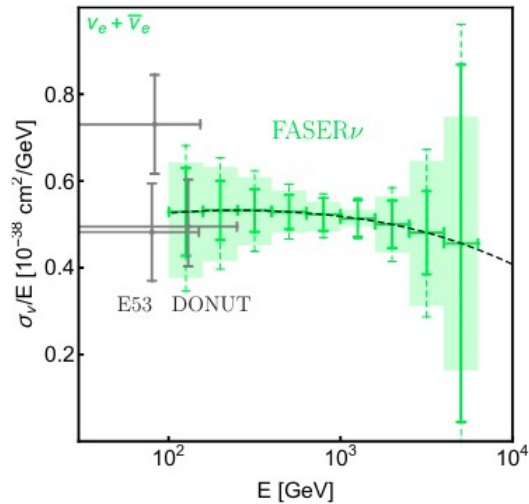


- several neutrino-like events
(2.7σ over expected BG)
- proof-of-principle of detection
strategy
- during Run 3 $\sim 10^4$ expected events

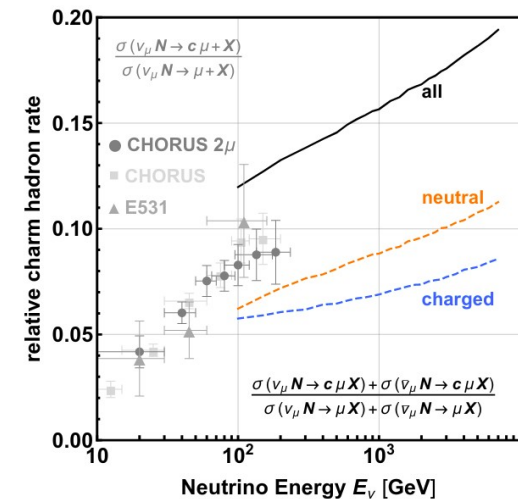


PROSPECTS FOR RUN 3

- Inclusive CC cross section measurements at TeV energies ($\sim 10^4 \nu_\mu$, $\sim 10^3 \nu_e$, $\sim 10 \nu_\tau$)

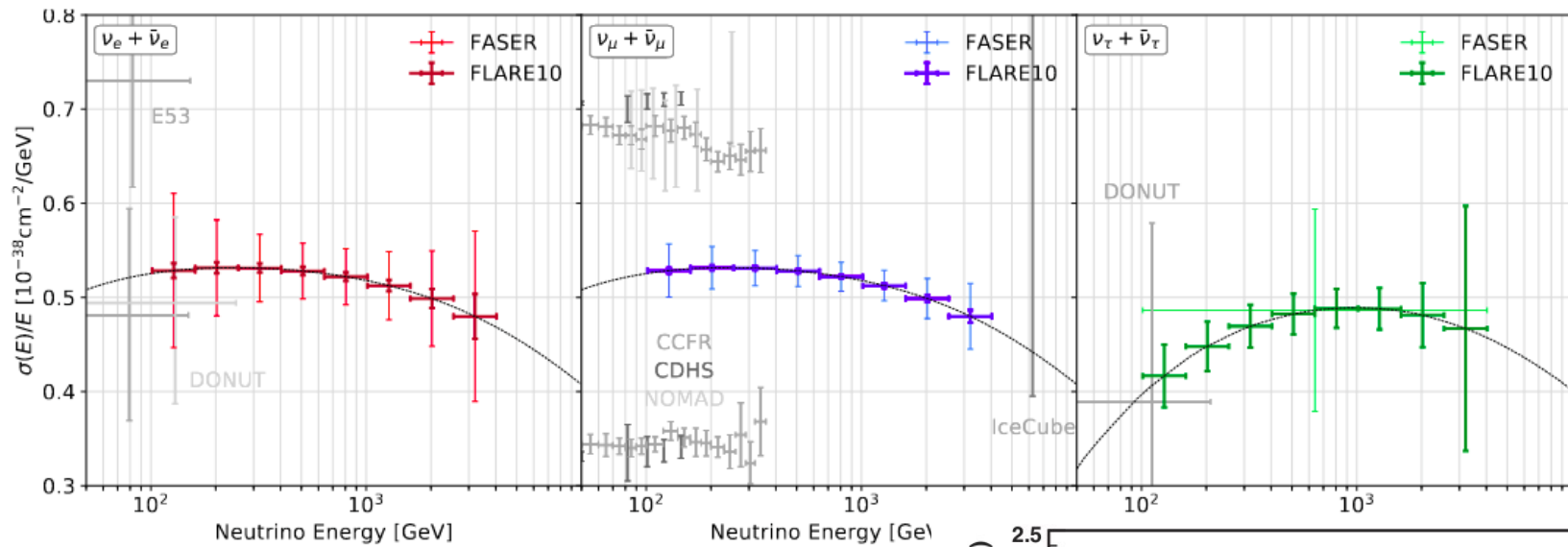


- NC cross section measurements
(A. Ismail, R.M. Abraham, F. Kling, 2012.10500)
- specific neutrino interaction processes, e.g.,
 ν -induced charm production

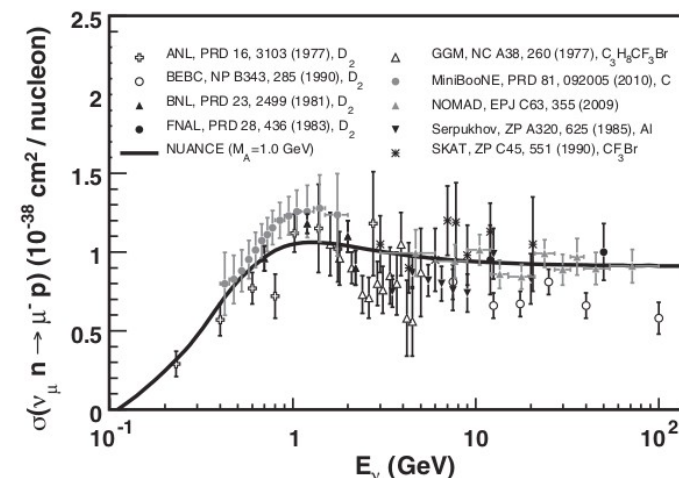


PROSPECTS FOR HL-LHC

- 10-tonne detector on beam collision axis
- Even better cross section measurements (few $\times 10^5 \nu$. few $\times 10^4 \nu$. $\sim 10^3 \nu$)



- Non-DIS type of processes, e.g., CCQE, CCRES, ... expected $\sim 10^3$ events with mean energy of a few hundred GeV



1305.7513

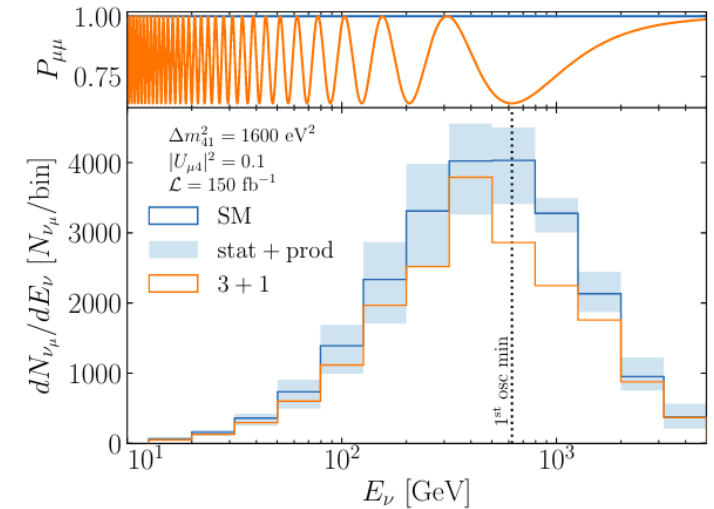
NEW PHYSICS & NEUTRINO INTERACTIONS

- Neutrino oscillations into sterile neutrinos direct probes at larger mass differences than typical neutrino experiments

$$\Delta m^2 \sim 1000 \text{ eV}^2$$

(also e.g. Gallium anomaly)

FASER Collaboration, 1908.02310

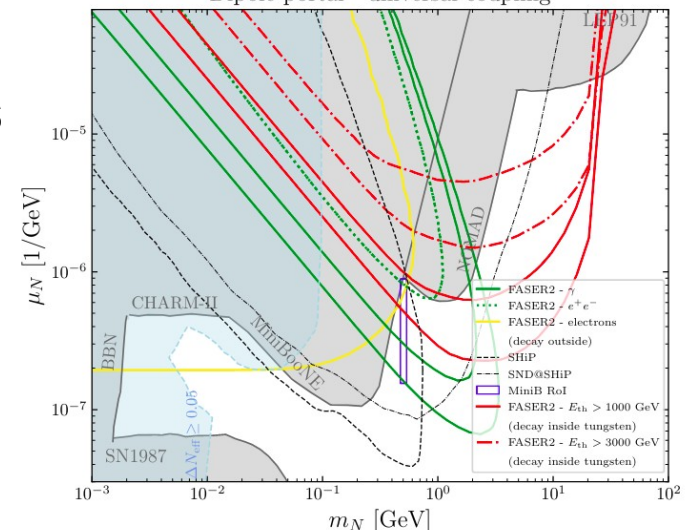


- Non-standard neutrino interactions

Example: dipole portal to heavy neutral leptons

K. Jodłowski, ST, 2011.04751

Dipole portal - universal coupling



Magill et al, 1803.03262

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mu_N \bar{\nu}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} N_R F^{\mu\nu} + \text{h.c.},$$

Transition magnetic moments of neutrinos
Before EWSB

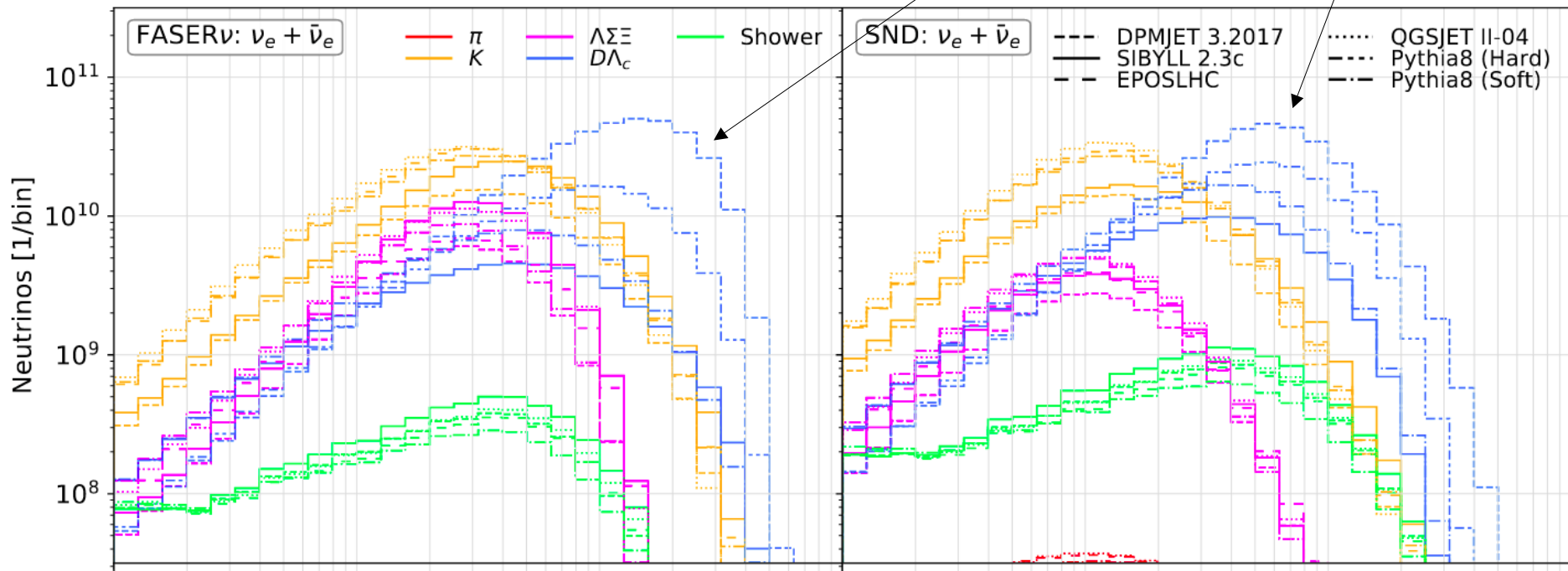
$$\mathcal{L} \supset \bar{L} (d_W \mathcal{W}_{\mu\nu}^a \tau^a + d_B B_{\mu\nu}) \tilde{H} \sigma_{\mu\nu} N_D + \text{h.c.}$$

FURTHER OPPORTUNITIES

QCD – FORWARD CHARM

- Measuring neutrino flux and spectrum: further tuning of forward MC tools
- Large differences in electron neutrino spectrum at high energies from charm decays
- ν_e main production at high energies: $gg \rightarrow cc, D \rightarrow K | \nu$
- probe of gluon PDFs at low x , intrinsic charm,...

F. Kling, 2105.08270



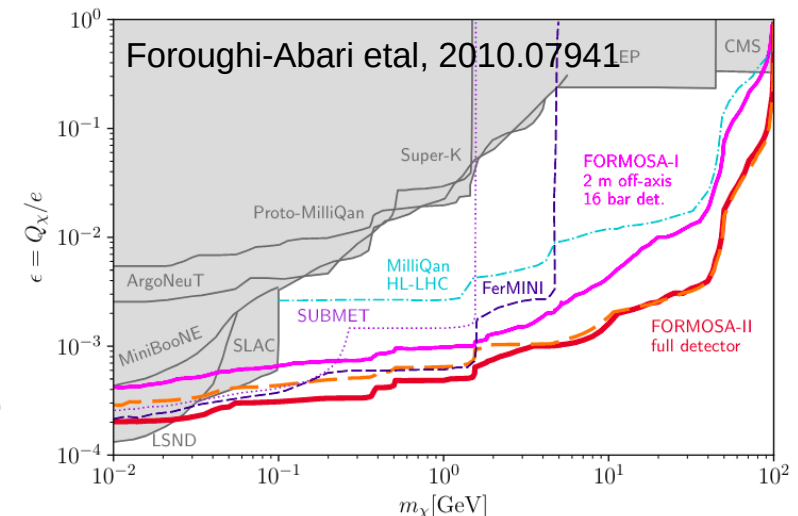
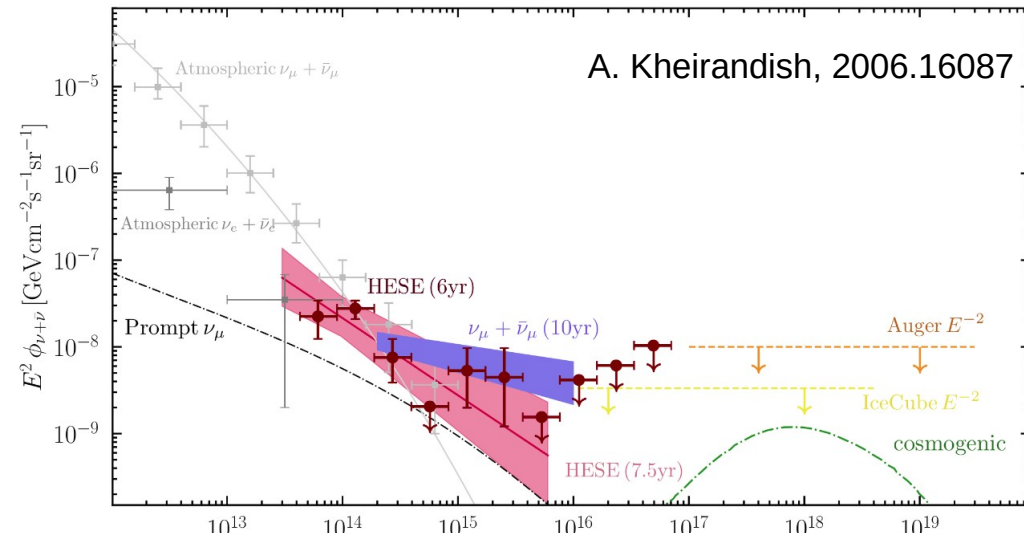
COSMIC RAYS AND MORE

- Forward charm production \rightarrow constrain “prompt” atmospheric neutrino flux (relevant for measurements of the astrophysical neutrino flux at IceCube)

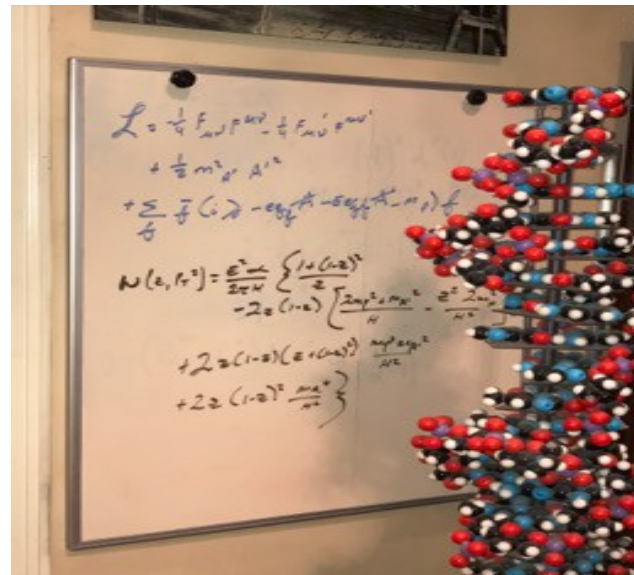
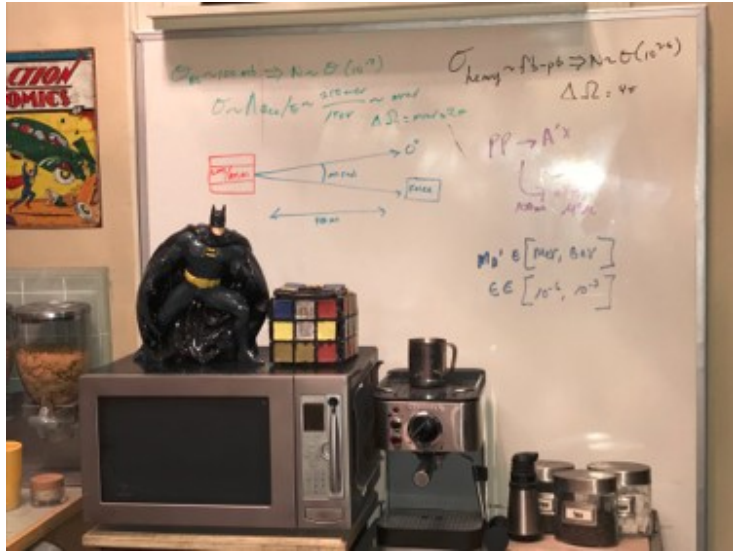
- Cosmic-ray muon problem (observed excess of high-energy muons, better high-energy forward kaon production measurement remains essential here)

- Opportunities in muon physics (SM measurements, new physics)

- millicharged particles
 - tests of charge quantization
 - motivations from GUTs, strings, massless A' ,



FASER IN POPULAR CULTURE



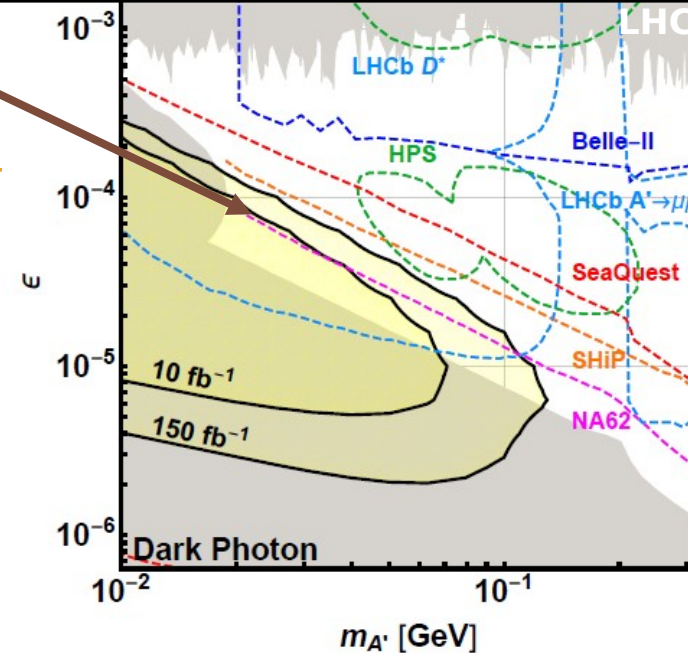
related article



New physics reach even after first 10fb^{-1}

CONCLUSIONS

- Far-forward LHC physics – new research agenda at the LHC
- **FASER** experiment will initiate it during Run 3 (light long-lived particles & high-energy neutrinos)
- It could be continued towards HL-LHC: **Forward Physics Facility** – further prospects: light DM, QCD and other SM measurements...
- For pheno BSM studies: useful tool **FORESEE** (F. Kling, ST, 2105.07077)
- 2nd Forward Facility Meeting starts just in two days! (>100 participants)
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1022352/overview>



2nd Forward Physics Facility Meeting

27-28 May 2021

THANK YOU !